

## Eruv Tavshilin

- in order to bake and cook on second day Yom tov for Shabbos an Eruv tavshilin must be made
- It should consist of something baked like a full matza or bread AND a cooked food (many use a hard boiled egg)
- take them in the hand and make the Bracha and then put them away where they won't get eaten until Shabbos
- It's better for the food of the Eruv Tavshilin to be cooked on Erev Yom tov
- If the food (egg) gets eaten or becomes inedible before the cooking is done then it can no longer be relied upon to cook for Shabbos
- If the baked food gets eaten etc. you can still cook for Shabbos
- If Yom tov is on a Thursday and Friday, cooking on the first day of Yom tov for shabbos is not allowed even with an Eruv tavshilin
- It's better for the food to be fully cooked well before Shabbos. However as long as it's cooked before sunset it's allowed
- The bread should be used for lechem mishna on Shabbos and eaten for Seuda shlishis
- All members of a household, including guests who are sleeping over, can rely on one Eruv Tavshilin
- If you don't plan on cooking for Shabbos, make an Eruv without a Bracha
- If you only plan on lighting Shabbos candles, make an Eruv without a Bracha
- If you forgot to make an Eruv Tavshilin ask a Rav how to proceed